



**AMS**  
American Meteorological Society

## Supplemental Material

*Journal of Climate*

CAFE60v1: A 60-Year Large Ensemble Climate Reanalysis. Part I: System Design, Model Configuration, and Data Assimilation

<https://doi.org/10.1175/JCLI-D-20-0974.1>

© [Copyright 2021 American Meteorological Society](#) (AMS)

For permission to reuse any portion of this work, please contact [permissions@ametsoc.org](mailto:permissions@ametsoc.org). Any use of material in this work that is determined to be “fair use” under Section 107 of the U.S. Copyright Act (17 USC §107) or that satisfies the conditions specified in Section 108 of the U.S. Copyright Act (17 USC §108) does not require AMS’s permission. Republication, systematic reproduction, posting in electronic form, such as on a website or in a searchable database, or other uses of this material, except as exempted by the above statement, requires written permission or a license from AMS. All AMS journals and monograph publications are registered with the Copyright Clearance Center (<https://www.copyright.com>). Additional details are provided in the AMS Copyright Policy statement, available on the AMS website (<https://www.ametsoc.org/PUBSCopyrightPolicy>).

1     **CAFE60v1: A 60-year large ensemble climate reanalysis. Part I: System**  
2     **design, model configuration and data assimilation: Supplemental tables and**  
3             **figures.**

4                     Terence J. O’Kane\*

5                     *CSIRO Oceans and Atmosphere, Hobart, Tasmania, Australia*

6                     Paul A. Sandery

7                     *CSIRO Oceans and Atmosphere, Hobart, Tasmania, Australia*

8                     Vassili Kitsios

9     *CSIRO Oceans and Atmosphere, Aspendale, Victoria, Australia, and Laboratory for Turbulence*  
10    *Research in Aerospace and Combustion, Department of Mechanical and Aerospace Engineering*  
11                     *Monash University, Clayton, Victoria 3800, Australia*

12                    Pavel Sakov

13                    *Bureau of Meteorology, Docklands, Victoria, Australia*

14                    Matthew A. Chamberlain

15                    *CSIRO Oceans and Atmosphere, Hobart, Tasmania, Australia*

16                    Mark A. Collier

17                    *CSIRO Oceans and Atmosphere, Aspendale, Victoria, Australia*

18

Russell Fiedler

19

*CSIRO Oceans and Atmosphere, Hobart, Tasmania, Australia*

20

Thomas S. Moore

21

*CSIRO Oceans and Atmosphere, Hobart, Tasmania, Australia*

22

Christopher C. Chapman

23

*CSIRO Oceans and Atmosphere, Hobart, Tasmania, Australia*

24

Bernadette M. Sloyan

25

*CSIRO Oceans and Atmosphere, Hobart, Tasmania, Australia*

26

Richard J. Matear

27

*CSIRO Oceans and Atmosphere, Hobart, Tasmania, Australia*

28 \*Corresponding author address: CSIRO Oceans and Atmosphere, Hobart, Tasmania

29 E-mail: [terence.okane@csiro.au](mailto:terence.okane@csiro.au)

## ABSTRACT

30 We detail the system design, model configuration and data assimilation  
31 evaluation for the CSIRO Climate retrospective Analysis and Forecast En-  
32 semble system: version 1. CAFE60v1 has been designed with the intention of  
33 simultaneously generating both initial conditions for multi-year climate fore-  
34 casts and a large ensemble retrospective analysis of the global climate system  
35 from 1960 to present. This document provides supplemental materials to the  
36 accompanying manuscript “CAFE60v1: A 60-year large ensemble climate  
37 reanalysis. Part I: System design, model configuration and data assimilation”.

38 *Acknowledgments.* The authors were supported by the Australian Commonwealth Scien-  
39 tific and Industrial Research Organisation (CSIRO) Decadal Climate Forecasting Project  
40 (<https://research.csiro.au/dfp>). We gratefully acknowledge the support of National Comput-  
41 ing Infrastructure (NCI) Australia and the Pawsey Supercomputing Centre. We appreci-  
42 ate support from Stephen Griffies and Naishali Naik at NOAA GFDL in providing the  
43 CM2.1 model codes and radiative forcing data. Data from the RAPID MOC monitoring  
44 project are funded by the Natural Environment Research Council and are freely available  
45 (<https://www.rapid.ac.uk/rapidmoc>). GLODAP (<https://www.glodap.info/index.php/data-access/>)  
46 and WOA (<https://www.nodc.noaa.gov/OC5/woa18/woa18data.html>) data are also freely avail-  
47 able. We acknowledge the World Climate Research Programme, which, through its Working  
48 Group on Coupled Modelling, coordinated and promoted CMIP6. We thank the climate modeling  
49 groups for producing and making available their model output, the Earth System Grid Federation  
50 (ESGF) for archiving the data and providing access, and the multiple funding agencies who sup-  
51 port CMIP6 and ESGF ([https://wcrp-cmip.github.io/CMIP6\\_CVs/docs/CMIP6\\_source\\_id.html](https://wcrp-cmip.github.io/CMIP6_CVs/docs/CMIP6_source_id.html)).

52 **LIST OF TABLES**

53 **Table 1.** Atmospheric variables . . . . . 6

54 **Table 2.** Atmospheric variables cont. . . . . 7

55 **Table 3.** Ocean variables . . . . . 8

56 **Table 4.** Ocean forcing variables . . . . . 9

57 **Table 5.** Ocean scalar variables . . . . . 9

58 **Table 6.** Ocean biogeochemical variables . . . . . 10

59 **Table 7.** Land surface variables . . . . . 11

TABLE 1: Atmospheric variables

Variable	abbreviation	units	temporal resolution
evap	evaporation rate	kg/m <sup>2</sup> /s	daily, monthly
lwflx	net (down-up) longwave flux	w/m <sup>2</sup>	daily, monthly
shflx	sensible heat flux	w/m <sup>2</sup>	daily, monthly
tau_x	zonal wind stress	pa	daily, monthly
tau_y	meridional wind stress	pa	daily, monthly
t_ref	temperature at 2 m	deg_k	daily, monthly
q_ref	specific humidity at 2 m	kg/kg	daily, monthly
u_ref	zonal wind component at 10 m	m/s	daily, monthly
v_ref	meridional wind component at 10 m	m/s	daily, monthly
t_surf	surface temperature	deg_k	daily, monthly
t_ref_min	min temperature at 2 m	deg_k	daily, monthly
t_ref_max	max temperature at 2 m	deg_k	daily, monthly
ps	surface pressure	Pa	daily, monthly
slp	sea-level pressure	Pa	daily, monthly
h500	500-mb hght	m	daily, monthly
hght	geopotential height	m	daily, monthly
sphum	specific humidity	kg/kg	daily, monthly
temp	temperature	deg_K	daily, monthly
ucomp	zonal wind	m/sec	daily, monthly
vcomp	meridional wind	m/sec	daily, monthly
omega	omega	pa/sec	daily, monthly

TABLE 2: Atmospheric variables cont.

Variable	abbreviation	units	temporal resolution
DELP	delp field	pa	daily, monthly
wvp	Column integrated water vapor	kg/m <sup>2</sup>	daily, monthly
awp	Column integrated cloud mass	kg/m <sup>2</sup>	daily, monthly
precip	Total precipitation rate	kg/m <sup>2</sup> /s	daily, monthly
prec_conv	Precipitation rate from convection	kg(h <sub>2</sub> o)/m <sup>2</sup> /s	daily, monthly
rh	relative humidity	percent	daily, monthly
lwdn_sfc	LW flux down at surface	watts/m <sup>2</sup>	daily, monthly
lwup_sfc	LW flux up at surface	watts/m <sup>2</sup>	daily, monthly
olr	outgoing longwave radiation	watts/m <sup>2</sup>	daily, monthly
qo3	ozone mixing ratio	kg/kg	daily, monthly
qo3_col	ozone column	DU	daily, monthly
swdn_sfc	SW flux down at surface	watts/m <sup>2</sup>	daily, monthly
swup_sfc	SW flux up at surface	watts/m <sup>2</sup>	daily, monthly
swdn_toa	SW flux down at TOA	watts/m <sup>2</sup>	daily, monthly
swup_toa	SW flux up at TOA	watts/m <sup>2</sup>	daily, monthly
vis_exopd_vl_c	visband column volcanic extopdep	dimensionless	daily, monthly
tot_cld_amt	total cloud amount	percent	daily, monthly

Note: some banding can be noticed about the Antarctic for certain mean atmospheric diagnostics. This is a diagnostic artefact and does not impact model dynamics.



TABLE 3: Ocean variables

Variable	abbreviation	units	temporal resolution
eta.t	surface height on T cells [Boussinesq (volume conserving) model]	m	daily, monthly
sss	Practical Sea Surface Salinity	psu	daily
sst	Potential Temperature at surface	°C	daily, monthly
mld	mixed layer depth determined by density criteria	m	daily
temp.vdiff_impl	implicit vert diffusion of heat	watts/m <sup>2</sup>	monthly
salt.vdiff_impl	implicit vert diffusion of Practical Salinity	kg/(sec*m <sup>2</sup> )	monthly
neutral.diffusion_temp	$\rho \cdot \text{dzt} \cdot \text{cp} \cdot \text{explicit neutral diffusion tendency (heating)}$	watts/m <sup>2</sup>	monthly
neutral.diffusion_salt	$\rho \cdot \text{dzt} \cdot \text{explicit neutral diffusion tendency for salt}$	kg/(sec*m <sup>2</sup> )	monthly
neutral_gm_temp	$\rho \cdot \text{dzt} \cdot \text{cp} \cdot \text{GM stirring (heating)}$	watts/m <sup>2</sup>	monthly
neutral_gm_salt	$\rho \cdot \text{dzt} \cdot \text{GM stirring tendency for salt}$	kg/(sec*m <sup>2</sup> )	monthly
age_global	Age (global)	yr	monthly
salt.sponge_tend	$\rho \cdot \text{dzt} \cdot \text{tendency due to sponge}$	kg/(sec*m <sup>2</sup> )	monthly
temp.sponge_tend	$\rho \cdot \text{dzt} \cdot \text{cp} \cdot \text{heating due to sponge}$	watts/m <sup>2</sup>	monthly
salt	Practical Salinity	psu	monthly
temp	Potential temperature	°C	monthly
u	i-current	m/s	monthly
v	j-current	m/s	monthly
wt	dia-surface velocity T-points	m/s	monthly
tx.trans	T-cell i-mass transport	Sv (10 <sup>-9</sup> kg/s)	monthly
ty.trans	T-cell j-mass transport	Sv (10 <sup>-9</sup> kg/s)	monthly
tx.trans_gm	T-cell mass i-transport from GM	Sv (10 <sup>-9</sup> kg/s)	monthly
ty.trans_gm	T-cell mass j-transport from GM	Sv (10 <sup>-9</sup> kg/s)	monthly
cfc_11	CFC-11	mol/kg	monthly
cfc_12	CFC-12	mol/kg	monthly

TABLE 4: Ocean forcing variables

Variable	abbreviation	units	temporal resolution
pme_net	precip-evap into ocean (total w/ restore + normalize)	(kg/m <sup>3</sup> )*(m/sec)	monthly
river	mass flux of river (runoff + calving) entering ocean	(kg/m <sup>3</sup> )*(m/sec)	monthly
evap	mass flux from evaporation/condensation (> 0 enters ocean)	(kg/m <sup>3</sup> )*(m/sec)	monthly
fprec	snow falling onto ocean (> 0 enters ocean)	(kg/m <sup>3</sup> )*(m/sec)	monthly
lprec	liquid precip (including ice melt/form) into ocean (> 0 enters ocean)	(kg/m <sup>3</sup> )*(m/sec)	monthly
swflx	shortwave flux into ocean (> 0 heats ocean)	W/m <sup>2</sup>	monthly
lw_heat	longwave flux into ocean (< 0 cools ocean)	W/m <sup>2</sup>	monthly
sens_heat	sensible heat into ocean (< 0 cools ocean)	W/m <sup>2</sup>	monthly
sfc_hflux_total	surface heat flux from coupler plus restore (omits mass transfer heating)	W/m <sup>2</sup>	monthly
tau_x	i-directed wind stress forcing u-velocity	N/m <sup>2</sup>	monthly
tau_y	j-directed wind stress forcing v-velocity	N/m <sup>2</sup>	monthly

TABLE 5: Ocean scalar variables

Variable	abbreviation	units	temporal resolution
total_ocean_river	total liquid river water and calving ice entering ocean	kg/sec/1e15	monthly
total_ocean_evap	total evaporative ocean mass flux (> 0 enters ocean)	(kg/sec)/1e15	monthly
total_ocean_pme_sbc	total ocean precip-evap via sbc (liquid, frozen, evaporation)	kg/sec/1e15	monthly
total_ocean_fprec	total snow falling onto ocean (> 0 enters ocean)	(kg/sec)/1e15	monthly
total_ocean_lprec	total liquid precip into ocean (> 0 enters ocean)	(kg/sec)/1e15	monthly
total_ocean_calving	total water entering ocean from calving land ice	(kg/sec)/1e15	monthly
total_ocean_runoff	total liquid river runoff (> 0 water enters ocean)	(kg/sec)/1e15	monthly
salt_total	total mass of salt in liquid seawater	kg/1e18	monthly
temp_total	Total heat in the liquid ocean referenced to 0 °C	Joule/1e25	monthly
total_ocean_hflux_pme	total ocean heat flux from pme transferring water across surface	Watts/1e15	monthly
ke_tot	Globally integrated ocean kinetic energy	10 <sup>15</sup> Joules	monthly
pe_tot	Globally integrated ocean potential energy	10 <sup>15</sup> Joules	monthly
eta_nonbouss_globa	global average surface height nonboussinesq	m	monthly

TABLE 6: Ocean biogeochemical variables

Variable	abbreviation	units	temporal resolution
no3†	NO <sub>3</sub>	mmol/m <sup>3</sup>	monthly, daily for surface no3
phy†	phytoplankton	mmol/m <sup>3</sup>	monthly, daily for surface phy
o2†	O <sub>2</sub>	mmol/m <sup>3</sup>	monthly
det†	detritus	mmol/m <sup>3</sup>	monthly
zoo†	zooplankton	mmol/m <sup>3</sup>	monthly
caco3†	Calcium Carbonate	mmol/m <sup>3</sup>	monthly
dic†	Dissolved Inorganic Carbon	mmol/m <sup>3</sup>	monthly
alk†	alkalinity	mmol/m <sup>3</sup>	monthly
adic†	anthropogenic DIC	mmol/m <sup>3</sup>	monthly
fe†	iron	mmol/m <sup>3</sup>	monthly, daily for surface fe
stf03	Flux into ocean - oxygen	mmol/m <sup>2</sup> /s	daily, monthly
stf07	Flux into ocean - DIC, PI	mmol/m <sup>2</sup> /s	daily, monthly
stf10	Flux into ocean - DIC, inc. ADIC	mmol/m <sup>2</sup> /s	daily, monthly
pco2	pCO <sub>2</sub>		daily, monthly
paco2	anthropogenic pCO <sub>2</sub>		daily, monthly
pprod.gross_2d	Vertically integrated Gross PHY production	mmolN/m <sup>2</sup> /s	daily, monthly
pprod.gross	Gross PHY production	mmolN/m <sup>3</sup> /s	monthly
det.sediment	Accumulated DET in sediment at base of water column	mmolN/m <sup>2</sup>	monthly
caco3.sediment	Accumulated CaCO <sub>3</sub> in sediment at base of water column	mmolN/m <sup>2</sup>	monthly
total.co2.flux	Total surface flux of inorganic C (natural) into ocean"	Pg/yr	monthly
total.aco2.flux	Total surface flux of inorganic C (natural + anthropogenic) into ocean	Pg/yr	monthly

† indicates surface only variable is also available

TABLE 7: Land surface variables

Variable	abbreviation	units	temporal resolution
cover_type	Land surface cover type	dimensionless	monthly
albedo	albedo	dimensionless	monthly
groundwater	mass of water below bucket	kg/m <sup>2</sup>	monthly
latent	latent heat flux	W/m <sup>2</sup>	monthly
precip	total precipitation rate	kg/(m <sup>2</sup> s)	monthly
sens	sensible heat flux	W/m <sup>2</sup>	monthly
smelt	snow melt rate	kg/(m <sup>2</sup> s)	monthly
snow	mass of snow on ground	kg/m <sup>2</sup>	monthly
snowfall	snowfall rate	kg/(m <sup>2</sup> s)	monthly
water	mass of water in bucket	kg/m <sup>2</sup>	monthly
sroff	surface runoff of snow	kg/(m <sup>2</sup> s)	monthly
wroff	surface runoff of water	kg/(m <sup>2</sup> s)	monthly

60 **LIST OF FIGURES**

61 **Fig. 1.** Forecast mean absolute deviation (red) and bias (blue), ensemble spread (orange) and num-  
62 ber of observations assimilated (black) for atmospheric air temperature, zonal and merid-  
63 ional wind and specific humidity. . . . . 13

64 **Fig. 2.** Forecast mean absolute deviation (red) and bias (blue), ensemble spread (orange) and num-  
65 ber of observations assimilated (black) for sea ice concentration and inferred under ice freez-  
66 ing point temperature in observation space. . . . . 14

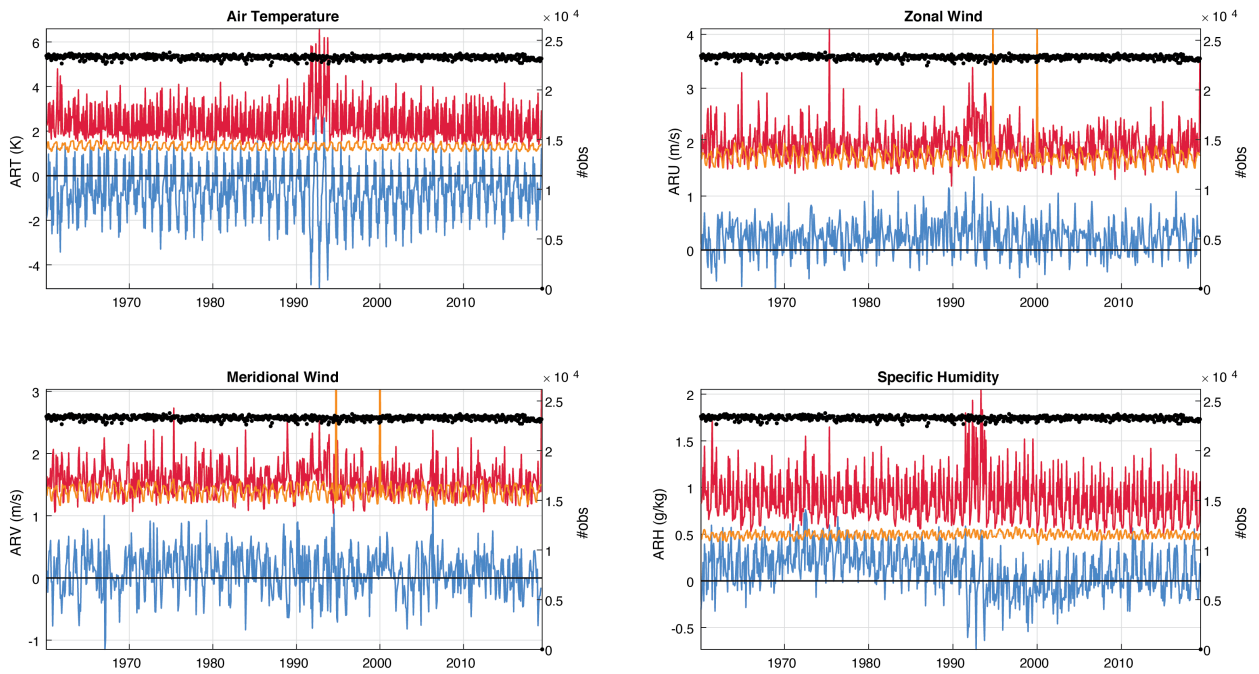


FIG. 1: Forecast mean absolute deviation (red) and bias (blue), ensemble spread (orange) and number of observations assimilated (black) for atmospheric air temperature, zonal and meridional wind and specific humidity.

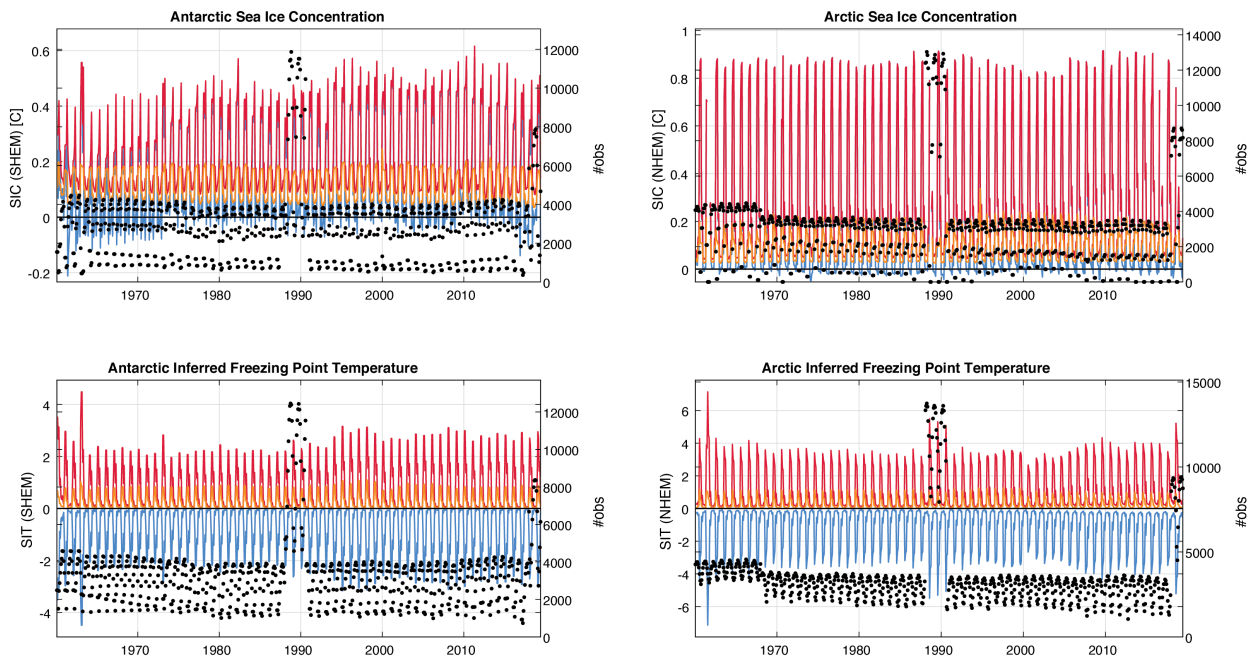


FIG. 2: Forecast mean absolute deviation (red) and bias (blue), ensemble spread (orange) and number of observations assimilated (black) for sea ice concentration and inferred under ice freezing point temperature in observation space.